

ALAXALA Fast Ethernet Layer 2 switches

AX1250S Series

1. Overview

The ALAXALA AX1250S series of Fast Ethernet Layer 2 switches offers the following model:



Figure 1 AX1250S-24T2CH

1.1 Product concept

The AX1250S series switch is used as an access switch resistant to heat, dripping water, and dust for use under severe environment, such as in factories, railroads, and roads.

- · Low-end model in the AX series product lineup, covering network edges
- Features incorporated from the high-end AX series; system interoperability (functional consistency); unified interconnectivity and operability
- · High reliability, high security, and high operability based on a guaranteed network



1.2 Usage examples

The following example shows the use of the switches as floor switches for large- or medium-size local-area network.

Figure 2 shows an example configuration and the switch usage when switches are used with an AX6300S series switch in a local-area network.

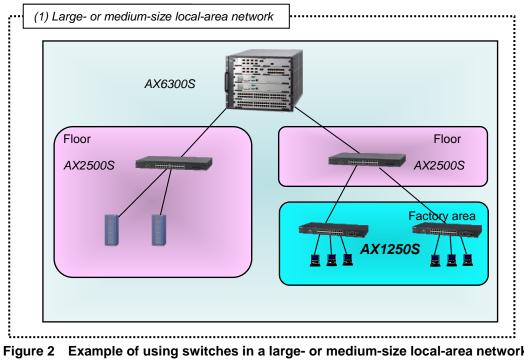


Figure 2 Example of using switches in a large- or medium-size local-area network

| Target market | Switch usage example | Points |
|------------------------|---|---|
| Large-size local-area | Workgroup switch for terminal | Operability unified by AX series lineup |
| network | connections | Rich security and authentication functionality |
| (Under severe | Switch that concentrates network lines | (IEEE 802.1X, Web authentication, MAC-based |
| environment of | on a floor for which Fast Ethernet is | authentication) |
| temperature | appropriate | Stable operation and enhanced highly available |
| requirements) | | functionality |
| Medium- and small-size | Core switch | (Autonomous Extensible Ring Protocol (transit |
| local-area networks | (Connected to base routers which are | nodes), GSRP-aware, link aggregation, RSTP, etc.) |
| (Under severe | connected to the center router) | IPv6 support (MLD snooping) |
| environment of | Floor switch | |
| temperature | Workgroup switch | |
| requirements) | | |



2. Features

2.1 Features of the AX1250S series

(1) Enhanced operating conditions

- High-quality devices
 - Dripping water resistant
 - Designed with IP31 ingress protection defined in IEC 60529.
 - Using carefully selected parts expand the operating conditions to $50^\circ C$
 - Fanless design, while being compatible 50°C, can reduce the problems caused due to dust sucked into devices.
 - High reliability through strict design and inspection requirements
- (2) Various optical transceivers
 - Multi-mode optical fiber
 - 100BASE-FX, 1000BASE-SX, and 1000BASE-SX2 are supported. FDDI can also be replaced (Note 1).
 - Gigabit uplink

- Two ports can be used simultaneously in combination with 1000BASE-T ports or in combination with 1000BASE-X (SX, SX2, LX, BX, LH) ports to support various network environments.

(Note 1) The maximum cable length for 1000BASE-SX is 550 m. Note on the distance connecting each node when replacing.

(3) Robust security

- Authentication and quarantine solutions
 - Authentication methods such as IEEE 802.1X, Web authentication, and MAC-based authentication enable individual PCs to be authenticated and placed into a VLAN, while maintaining the freedom of the physical configuration of network edges.
 - IEEE 802.1X port-based authentication (static) restricts and releases communicable packets by using status monitoring, which gives permission for full access communication only to terminals that conform to a security policy.
 - Web authentication by using the RSA SecurID (Note 2) one-time password authentication functionality can improve network access security. PIN code initial registration and token code re-entry are also supported (Note 3).
 - Devices such as printers can be authenticated by using MAC-based authentication.
 - Fixed-IP address terminals also can be authenticated by using the fixed VLAN modes of MAC-based authentication and Web authentication. Moreover, port trunking allows wireless terminals or similar terminals that have both untagged frames and tagged frames to be authenticated.
 - Multistep authentication (Note 4), which performs terminal authentication and user authentication in two steps, is supported as the network authentication functionality.
- Secure Wake-on-LAN
 - This functionality allows access to your PC from outside the company, whether you are at home or on a business trip. You can use a Web browser to access a switch and, via the in-house network, turn on or off the power to a desktop PC within the company (Note 5).
- Unauthorized DHCP servers and terminals with fixed IP addresses are excluded from networks.
- Robust security measures can be provided via DHCP snooping, which eliminates unauthorized DHCP servers and terminals with fixed IP addresses.
- (Note 2) RSA, the RSA logo, and SecurID are trademarks or registered trademarks of RSA Security Inc. in the United States and other countries.
- (Note 3) For this functionality, you must purchase an optional software license separately.
- (Note 4) In this authentication, user authentication (IEEE 802.1X or Web authentication) is performed after terminal authentication (MAC-based authentication) is completed.
- (Note 5) For this functionality, you must purchase an optional software license separately.



(4) High reliability for configuring mission-critical networks

- Variety of redundant network configurations
- High-speed path switching

Standard features such as Autonomous Extensible Ring Protocol (transit nodes), link aggregation (IEEE 802.3ad), and Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol, and proprietary features such as GSRP-aware allow a redundant high-reliability network to be built. Uplink redundancy, which can build redundant configurations without using Spanning Tree Protocol, is supported.

- QoS, which gives priority to important packets and audio packets, is supported.
- Layer 2 loop avoidance
 - The UDLD functionality prevents loops at the spanning tree or frame loss at link aggregation.
 - The Layer 2 loop detection functionality detects improperly connected devices on a network, which helps prevent loops.

(5) Excellent network management, maintenance, and operation

- CFM (Connectivity Fault Management) (Ether OAM)
- Continuity checks (CC), loopback, and link traces can perform connectivity monitoring and failure management at the Layer 2 level.
- In addition to the basic MIB-II, many other MIBs, including RMON are supported.
- Improved configuration compatibility with the AX2400S and AX3600S series simplifies the operation of the entire system.
- SD memory cards
 - Log information storage and software update are supported.
- Console ports are located on the front panel.

(6) Compact design and low environmental impact

- Compact chassis
 - Compact design with a depth of 25.0 cm and a height of 6.5 cm (1.5U)
- RoHS is applied, and the environmental impact is reduced.
- (7) IPv6 support
- MLD snooping is supported, which can control the distribution of IPv6 multicast packets.
- (8) Precise QoS
- While functioning as Layer 2 switches, the AX1250S series of switches can identify Layer 2 flows, Layer 3 flows, and Layer 4 flows, and then can control priority and bandwidth. ToS or CoS marking and mapping are supported, and enable optimal QoS processing and distribution of packets according to the features of applications such as IP telephone.
- (9) Power saving
- LED operation is controlled in three steps: normal brightness, power saving brightness (operation with lower brightness than normal), and disabled.
 - LEDs can be set to blink or turn on in normal brightness when consoles are connected to the switches, ports are in the link-up state, and SD memory cards are inserted. The settings can be also changed so that LEDs automatically turn off after operations are completed.
- · Port power saving
 - To achieve power saving, the power to a port is shut off when a link-down state is detected, or when a port is blocked (that is, a port for which the shutdown setting is configured by using configuration commands) (Note 6).
- Scheduling
 - The switches can switch automatically to a sleep state, and be woken up from the sleep state, in accordance with the schedule settings for long holidays, Saturdays, Sundays, public holidays, and evenings.
 - The above LED operation and port power saving also can be set up by schedule settings.

(Note 6) The SFP port supports port power saving only when a port is blocked.



3. Specifications

3.1 Switch specifications

| | | | pecifications | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Name | | | AX1250S-24T2CH | |
| Switching capacit | y | | 8.8 Gbit/s | |
| Frame processing Ethernet performance (Mpacket/s) (Layer 2 forwarding) (Note 1) | | | 6.5 | |
| network | or 100BAS | , 100BASE-TX, 1000BASE-T E-FX, 1000BASE-SX, SX2, H (SFP) (Note 2) | 2 | |
| 1 | 10BASE-T | , 100BASE-TX | 24 | |
| Number of memo | <i>.</i> | ts | SD memory card x 1 | |
| Power supply requirements | Voltage | Rated input voltage (V) | 100 to 120 AC/ 200 to 240 AC | |
| | | Variation range (V) (Note 3) | 90 to 132 AC/ 180 to 264 AC | |
| j | Frequency | (Hz) | 50/60 | |
| 1 | Maximum | input current (A) | 0.18 at 100 V AC | |
| | | | 0.10 at 200 V AC | |
| 1 | Maximum | power consumption (W) | 18/21 (Note 4) | |
| Calorific power (k | ⟨J/h) | | 65/76 (Note 4) | |
| | Energy effi | ciency (W/(Gbit/s)) | Class A 3.9 | |
| Regarding the | | | (Reference value: 4.1) | |
| | | effective transmission speed | 4.4 Gbit/s | |
| AT . A | - | number of ports when 1 Gbit/s | 2 | |
| | neasuring | 100 Mbit | 24 | |
| · · | External di (height [U] | mensions W x D x H (mm) | 477 x 250 x 65 (1.5U) | |
| | Weight (kg |) (main unit only) | 3.0 | |
| | | rotection (IEC 65029) | IP31 | |
| requirements | Temperatu Acceptable operating range | | -10°C to 50°C | |
| 1 | re | | (0 to 50°C when active) (Note 5) | |
| | | When not operating (not energized) | -10°C to 50°C | |
| - | | During storage and transportation | n –25°C to 65°C | |
| | Relative | Acceptable operating range | 10% to 90% (no condensation) | |
| 1 | humidity | When not operating (not energized) | 8% to 90% (no condensation) | |
| | | During storage and transportation | 5% to less than 100% (no condensation) | |
| | | particulates | Suspended particulates smaller than approx. 10 microns: 0.15 mg/m ³ | |
| | Vibration (| m/s^2) | No more than 2.45 | |
| Applicable | EMI standa | urd | VCCI Class A | |
| standards | Harmonic o | current emission standard | JIS C61000-3-2 | |
| <u>I</u> | EMS stand | ard | JEITA IT-3001 | |
| | Safety stan | dard | UL60950-1 compliant | |

(Note 1) Measurement conditions are as follows:

- Physical media: 1000BASE-T and 1000BASE-X

- Frame type: Layer 2 forwarding. No flooding.

- Frame length: 64 bytes

- QoS and filters: Not set

(Note 2) Combo port (10BASE-T/100BASE-TX/1000BASE-T, 100BASE-FX/1000BASE-X) x 2 ports. Used exclusively per combo port (cannot be used simultaneously).

(Note 3) This is the range within which normal operation is guaranteed.

(Note 4) When two 1000BASE-LH (SFP) ports are used, the values are those written on the right.

(Note 5) The acceptable operating range when SFP transceivers used is shown in Table 3. If two types of SFP transceivers are used, the range that meets the acceptable operating ranges for both types becomes the actual acceptable operating range.

(Note 6) Values measured by using methods specified by the Law Regarding the Rationalization of Energy Use.

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Table 3 Acceptable operating range applying when SFP transceivers are used

| SFP to be used (abbreviated name) | Acceptable operating range |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| SFP-SX | -10°C to 50°C |
| SFP-LX | -10°C to 50°C |
| SFP-LH | -10°C to 50°C |
| SFP-BX1U | 0°C to 50°C |
| SFP-BX1D | 0°C to 50°C |
| SFP-BX4U | 0°C to 50°C |
| SFP-BX4D | 0°C to 50°C |
| SFP-SX2 | -10°C to 50°C |
| SFP-FX | -10°C to 50°C |



3.2 Functionality

| Category | Functionality | | | Relevant standards | Remarks |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| LAN | Ethernet | 10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX | | IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u | |
| | | 10BASE-T, 1 | 00BASE-TX, | IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u | |
| | | 1000BASE-T | | IEEE 802.3ab | |
| | | 100BASE-FX | - | IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u | |
| | | 1000BASE-X | (SX, LX) | IEEE 802.3z | |
| | | 1000BASE-X (SX2) | | | |
| | | 1000BASE-X (BX) | | IEEE 802.3ah | |
| | | 1000BASE-X | (BX (40 km support version)) | | |
| | | 1000BASE-X (LH) | | | |
| | | Flow control | | IEEE 802.3x | |
| | Auto negotiation | 10BASE-T, 1 | 00BASE-TX, | | (Note 1) |
| | extended | 1000BASE-T | down shift | | |
| | functionality | | | | |
| | IEEE 802.3ad link a | ggregation | | IEEE 802.3ad | |
| | Jumbo frame Transparent bridge | | | | |
| Layer 2 functionality | | | | | |
| <i>iunensii</i> | VLAN | Port VLAN | | IEEE 802.1Q | |
| | | | | IEEE 802.1u | |
| | | | | IEEE 802.1v | |
| | | VLAN taggin | - | IEEE 802.1Q | |
| | | Protocol VLA | N | | |
| | | MAC VLAN | | | |
| | Inter-port relay block | | ¹ y | | |
| | Spanning Tree Protocol | STP | | IEEE 802.1D, IEEE 802.1t | |
| | Protocol | RSTP | | IEEE 802.1w | |
| | | MSTP | | IEEE 802.1s | |
| | | PVST+ | | | |
| | | BPDU filter | | | |
| | | Loop guard | | | |
| | | Root guard | | | |
| | Uplink redundancy | | | | |
| | Autonomous Extensible Ring Protocol | | | | Only transit nodes are supported. |
| | IGMP/MLD snoopir | ng | | draft-ietf-magma-snoop-12.txt | |
| | Storm control | | | | |
| | IEEE 802.3ah, UDL | D | | IEEE 802.3ah | |
| | L2 loop detection | | | | |
| | CFM (Connectivity Fault Manageme | | | IEEE 802.1ag | |
| Additional | Filter | Flow | Layer 2 conditions | | |
| functionality | | detection | Layer 3 conditions (IPv4) | | |
| | | | Layer 4 conditions | | |
| | QoS | Flow | Layer 2 conditions | | |
| | | detection | Layer 3 conditions (IPv4) | | |
| | | | Layer 4 conditions | | |
| | | Marker | User priority updating | | |
| | | | DSCP updating | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | Priority determination | | | |
| | | Discard control | Tail drop | | |

Table 4 List of functionality

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AX1250S Datasheet

Ver.2.4 (2)

| | | | | | | V01.2.4 (2) | | |
|-------------|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Category | Functionality | | | Relevant standards | Remarks | | | |
| | | Shaper | Scheduling | PQ | | | | |
| | | Simpor | Seneduning | WRR | | | | |
| | | | | WFQ | | | | |
| | | | | PQ | | | | |
| | | | | +WRR | | | | |
| | | | Port bandwidth control | | | | | |
| | Diff-Serv | | r ort cund induit condition | | | | | |
| | Layer 2 | IEEE 802.1X | Port-based authenticatio | n | IEEE 802.1X. | | | |
| | authentication | | (static) | | RFC 2865, RFC 2866, | | | |
| | | | Port-based authentication | n | RFC 2868, RFC 2869, | | | |
| | | | (dynamic) | | RFC 3579, RFC 3580, | | | |
| | | | VLAN-based authentica | tion | RFC 3748 | | | |
| | | | (dynamic) | | | | | |
| | | Web | Fixed VLAN mode | | | | | |
| | | authentication | | | | | | |
| | | | Keep Alive function | nality | | - | | |
| | | | Internal DB | Jindiney | | | | |
| | | | RADIUS linkage | | | - | | |
| | | | Dynamic VLAN mode | | | | | |
| | | | URL redirection | | | - | | |
| | | | | | | -1 | | |
| | | | Internal DB | | | | | |
| | | | RADIUS linkage | | | | | |
| | | | Legacy mode | | | _ | | |
| | | | Internal DB | | | _ | | |
| | | | RADIUS linkage | | | | | |
| | | | One-time password auth | entication | | (Note 5) | | |
| | | | DHCP server | | RFC 2131 | | | |
| | | | | | RFC 2132 | DHCP option | | |
| | | MAC-based | Fixed VLAN mode | | | | | |
| | | authentication | Internal DB | | | | | |
| | | | RADIUS linkage | | | | | |
| | | | Dynamic VLAN mode | | | | | |
| | | | Internal DB | | | | | |
| | | | RADIUS linkage | | | | | |
| | | | Legacy mode | | | | | |
| | | | Internal DB | | | | | |
| | | | RADIUS linkage | | | | | |
| | | Mixed | IEEE 802.1X, Web auth | entication. | | | | |
| | | authentication | MAC-based authenticati | , | | | | |
| | | on a port | | | | | | |
| | | | Limited number of authe | | | (Note 6) | | |
| | | authentication | Forced authentication fu | nctionality | | (Note 4) | | |
| | | Multistep auth | | | | | | |
| | Secure Wake-on-LA | | | | | (Note 5) | | |
| | DHCP snooping | | | | | . , | | |
| | | | Local | | | Only one port can be | | |
| | Port mirroring | | | | | specified for the mirror po | | |
| | Port mirroring | | | Environmental monitoring | | | | |
| eliability | _ | toring | | | | | | |
| Reliability | _ | | | | | | | |
| Reliability | Environmental moni | | GSRP-aware | | | | | |
| teliability | Environmental moni Self diagnosis (MD) | | GSRP-aware | | | | | |
| | Environmental moni Self diagnosis (MD) Redundancy switche | | GSRP-aware | | | | | |
| Network | Environmental moni Self diagnosis (MD) Redundancy switcho function | over linkage | GSRP-aware | | RFC 1155, RFC 1157, RFC 1901, RFC 1902, | | | |
| Network | Environmental moni Self diagnosis (MD) Redundancy switcho function | over linkage | GSRP-aware | | RFC 1155, RFC 1157, RFC 1901, RFC 1902, RFC 1903, RFC 1904, | | | |
| Network | Environmental moni Self diagnosis (MD) Redundancy switcho function | over linkage | GSRP-aware | | RFC 1155, RFC 1157, RFC 1901, RFC 1902, RFC 1903, RFC 1904, RFC 1905, RFC 1906, | | | |
| Network | Environmental moni Self diagnosis (MD) Redundancy switcho function SNMP | vver linkage v1, v2c | GSRP-aware | | RFC 1155, RFC 1157, RFC 1901, RFC 1902, RFC 1903, RFC 1904, RFC 1905, RFC 1906, RFC 1907, RFC 1908 | | | |
| Network | Environmental moni Self diagnosis (MD) Redundancy switcho function | vver linkage v1, v2c | GSRP-aware | | RFC 1155, RFC 1157, RFC 1901, RFC 1902, RFC 1903, RFC 1904, RFC 1905, RFC 1906, RFC 1907, RFC 1908 RFC 1213, RFC 2233, | | | |
| Network | Environmental moni Self diagnosis (MD) Redundancy switche function SNMP MIB-II, Interface M | vver linkage v1, v2c | GSRP-aware | | RFC 1155, RFC 1157, RFC 1901, RFC 1902, RFC 1903, RFC 1904, RFC 1905, RFC 1906, RFC 1907, RFC 1908 RFC 1213, RFC 2233, RFC 2863 (some MIBs only) | | | |
| Network | Environmental moni Self diagnosis (MD) Redundancy switcho function SNMP | vver linkage v1, v2c | GSRP-aware | | RFC 1155, RFC 1157, RFC 1901, RFC 1902, RFC 1903, RFC 1904, RFC 1905, RFC 1906, RFC 1907, RFC 1908 RFC 1213, RFC 2233, RFC 2863 (some MIBs only) RFC 1493 (some MIBs only), | | | |
| Network | Environmental moni Self diagnosis (MD) Redundancy switche function SNMP MIB-II, Interface M | vver linkage v1, v2c | GSRP-aware | | RFC 1155, RFC 1157, RFC 1901, RFC 1902, RFC 1903, RFC 1904, RFC 1905, RFC 1906, RFC 1907, RFC 1908 RFC 1213, RFC 2233, RFC 2863 (some MIBs only) RFC 1493 (some MIBs only), RFC 1643 (some MIBs only), | | | |
| Network | Environmental moni Self diagnosis (MD) Redundancy switche function SNMP MIB-II, Interface M Ethernet MIB | vver linkage v1, v2c | GSRP-aware | | RFC 1155, RFC 1157, RFC 1901, RFC 1902, RFC 1903, RFC 1904, RFC 1905, RFC 1906, RFC 1907, RFC 1908 RFC 1213, RFC 2233, RFC 2863 (some MIBs only) RFC 1493 (some MIBs only), RFC 1643 (some MIBs only), RFC 3621 | | | |
| Reliability | Environmental moni Self diagnosis (MD) Redundancy switche function SNMP MIB-II, Interface M | vver linkage v1, v2c | GSRP-aware | | RFC 1155, RFC 1157, RFC 1901, RFC 1902, RFC 1903, RFC 1904, RFC 1905, RFC 1906, RFC 1907, RFC 1908 RFC 1213, RFC 2233, RFC 2863 (some MIBs only) RFC 1493 (some MIBs only), RFC 1643 (some MIBs only), | | | |

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| AX1250S Datasheet | Ver.2.4 (2) |
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| _ | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|----------------------------------|--|----------|
| Category | Functionality | | Relevant standards | Remarks | |
| Operation and maintenance | Connection with Serial (Console) | | | | |
| | Configuration CLI | | | | |
| | Security | | Password | | |
| | | authentication | Host address | | |
| | | | RADIUS | RFC 2865 | |
| | | | One-time password authentication | | (Note 5) |
| | | SSH (Ver.1/Ver.2) | | RFC4251(Supported partially) RFC4252(Supported partially) RFC4253(Supported partially) RFC4254(Supported partially) RFC4716(Supported partially) | (Note 8) |
| | Collection of management information | Display of switch/interface status | | | |
| | | Operation mes | ssage log | | |
| | | LLDP | | IEEE 802.1AB, D6.0 | |
| | | Statistical information on a line-by-line basis | | | |
| | NTP | | | RFC 2030 | (Note 3) |
| | Command-free main | tenance function | nality | | |
| | Power saving | LED automatic brightness change | | | |
| | functionality | Port power saving | | | (Note 7) |
| | | Dynamic pow | er saving Switch sleep | | |
| | | | Port power saving | | (Note 7) |
| | | | LED brightness control | | |

(Note 1) Software-based execution

(Note 2) The differences from the AX2400S and AX3600S series are as follows: - axsDHCP group - axsGSRPMIB group - a

- axsFLOW group - axs2430sManagement

(Note 3) Only the SNTP client functionality is supported. (Note 4) This feature is enabled only for RADIUS authentication.

(Note 5) You must purchase optional software licenses separately.

(Note 6) Only Web authentication and MAC-based authentication are supported.

(Note 7) The SFP port supports the port power saving only when a port is blocked. (Note 8) SSH is not supported in OS-LT3-A.

- axsOADP group

- ICMP group (HP private MIB)



4. Ordering Information

| No. | Model name | Abbreviated | Basic specifications | | | |
|-----|-------------------|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| | | name | LAN switch | | | |
| | | | AX1250S-24T2CH | | | |
| 1 | AX-1250-24T2CH-XX | 12V-24T2CH | Model that supports box-type Fast Ethernet and that provides greater resistance to heat and water (up to 50°C, fanless, IP31 supported) Fast Ethernet: 24 ports (10/100BASE-TX x 24) Gigabit Ethernet: 2 ports (10/100/1000BASE-T or 1000BASE-X (SFP) used with exclusion (port basis) x 2) Equipped with L2 software (OS-LT3-A: SSH not supported.) SD card slot x 1 Supports AC power supply | | | |
| 2 | AX-1250-24T2CH-BX | 12D-24T2CH | AX1250S-24T2CH Model that supports box-type Fast Ethernet and that provides greater resistance to heat and water (up to 50°C, fanless, IP31 supported) Fast Ethernet: 24 ports (10/100BASE-TX x 24) Gigabit Ethernet: 2 ports (10/100/1000BASE-T or 1000BASE-X (SFP) used with exclusion (port basis) x 2) Equipped with L2 software (OS-LT3: SSH supported.) SD card slot x 1 Supports AC power supply | | | |
| | Option | | | | | |
| 1 | AX-F0110-SD1GX | SD1G | 1 GB SD memory card (Note 1) | | | |
| | | | Optical transceiver | | | |
| 1 | AX-F6244-3S1SX | SFP-SX | SFP for 1000BASE-SX (MMF: 2 m to 550 m) | | | |
| 2 | AX-F6244-3S1S2X | SFP-SX2 | SFP for 1000BASE-SX2 (MMF: 2 m to 2 km) | | | |
| 3 | AX-F6244-3S1LX | SFP-LX | SFP for 1000BASE-LX (MMF: 2 m to 550 m) (SMF: 2 m to 5 km) | | | |
| 4 | AX-F6244-3SB1UX | SFP-BX1U | SFP for 1000BASE-BX10-U, single core bidirectional single-mode optical fiber (upstream) (SMF: 0.5 m to 10 km) | | | |
| 5 | AX-F6244-3SB1DX | SFP-BX1D | SFP for 1000BASE-BX10-D, single core bidirectional single-mode optical fiber (downstream) (SMF: 0.5 m to 10 km) | | | |
| 6 | AX-F6244-3SB4UX | SFP-BX4U | SFP for 1000BASE-BX40-U, single core bidirectional single-mode optical fiber (upstream) (SMF: 0.5 m to 40 km) | | | |
| 7 | AX-F6244-3SB4DX | SFP-BX4D | SFP for 1000BASE-BX40-D, single core bidirectional single-mode optical fiber (downstream) (SMF: 0.5 m to 40 km) | | | |
| 8 | AX-F6244-3S1LHX | SFP-LH | SFP for 1000BASE-LH (SMF: 2 m to 70 km) | | | |
| 9 | AX-F6244-3S1FX | SFP-FX | SFP for 100BASE-FX (MMF: 2 m to 2 km) | | | |
| | | | Optional software license | | | |
| 1 | AX-P1240-F1X | OP-WOL | Secure Wake-on-LAN license for AX1240S/AX1250S series | | | |
| 2 | AX-P1240-F2X | OP-OTP | RSA SecurID linkage license for AX1240S/AX1250S series | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Table 5 Ordering information

(Note 1) The software and script are not installed when shipped from the factory.



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[Editions History]

 July 2012
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Note 1: SSH functionality is subject to export control regulations, and might be unavailable for use with exported products.

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